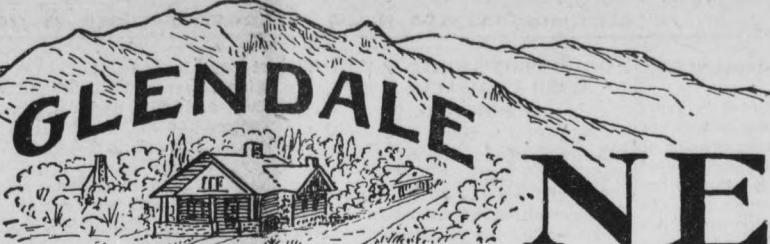


GLENDALE—
The CITY of HOMES

THE EVENING NEWS

DEVOTED TO THE
INTERESTS OF GLENDALE



GLENDALE—
The CITY of HOMES

VOL. X.

GLENDALE, (LOS ANGELES POSTOFFICE) LOS ANGELES COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1914

54

WILLIAMS EXPLAINS

DEBATER WITH J. C. BELDIN EXPLAINS HIS MEANING IN ANALYSIS

My attention has been called to a communication in your paper about the "debate" between Mr. J. C. Beldin and myself on the eight-hour day. I want to thank Mr. Berger for his fair analysis.

As to the point that I weaken my argument by showing that men can produce more in eight hours than in ten, I have this to say:

As a political economist, I deal with facts, not with theories. All the experience of the world shows that men, unrestricted by mechanical and social handicaps, produce more and better products in eight hours than in ten or twelve.

We do not urge that an eight-hour day will solve the unemployed problem. In some lines of activity it will require more men, but if it did not put one man more to work, we would defend it. The war in Europe is due to this one fact—that England and Germany are producing much more than they can consume and must fight for markets.

In this age of machinery it is imperative—

(1) That we reduce the hours of labor commensurate with the increased production.

(2) That we eliminate exploitation wherein a few men exploit the mass for their own aggrandizement.

We reiterate the following:

(1) Wherever men work longest in establishment, community or nation, they always get the smallest pay.

(2) As hours have been reduced in establishment, city, county, state or nation, wages have, by inverse ratio, been raised.

(3) Wherever hours have been reduced and a sufficient time given to test the new order, both employer and employee have been satisfied.

(4) In a large majority of instances of reductions of hours, there has been no diminution in output, but rather an increase.

(5) All the arguments against this bill are written in terms of money and based on profits or property.

(6) No humanitarian, social, moral, sanitary or religious argument can be adduced against the bill.

Very truly yours,

T. W. WILLIAMS.

In reply to No. 1, group 1: There is plenty of work today for the proficient man or woman. Thousands of concerns are crying for proficient help.

No. 2, group 1: A meaningless combination of words not making it clear to whom a "few men" refers.

No. 1, group 2: "Wherever men work longest in establishment, community or nation, they always get the smallest pay." Not necessarily so, and in instances where it is the case, it is on account of inefficiency.

No. 2: "As hours have been reduced, wages have by inverse ratio been raised." Fewer hours permit a less output, hence a raise in prices of manufactured articles and the higher cost of living makes it necessary that proficient workmen receive higher wages.

No. 3: "Wherever hours have been reduced and a sufficient time given to test the new order, both employer and employee have been satisfied." A reasonable and just employer and a sensible employee are satisfied with best conditions obtainable. They are no scappers.

No. 4: "In a large majority of instances of reduction of hours there has been no diminution of output, but rather an increase." If the output has been greater, it has been on account of more proficient help. With a decrease of hours and an increase of wages, employers are necessarily demanding a high standard of efficiency from the employee.

No. 5: "All the arguments against this bill are written in terms of money and based on profits or property." Money is merely a medium of exchange used for convenience in trade and of course according to present customs is necessary in the transaction of business. Ownership of property is an index to the stability of an institution or individual.

No. 6: "No humanitarian, social, moral, sanitary or religious argument can be adduced against the bill." The eight-hour law would take away the liberty of the employee and without just liberty a man is a slave.

These replies are given from the standpoint of one who has worked on a farm by the day and month, in the harvest field and cornfield, on the dairy farm, and who later has been an employer on a small scale. Give the young man of good health, physically and mentally, a chance to exercise the full extent of his ability.

—Editor.

Miss Betty Jones of Los Angeles was a guest Friday evening of Glendale friends.

AT THE CHURCHES

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE

First Church of Christ, Scientist, holds services in the Masonic Temple Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Subject Sunday, October 18th, "The Doctrine of Atonement." Sunday school at 9:30 o'clock a. m. Wednesday evening at 8. Reading room, 415½ Brand boulevard. Open daily except Sunday and holidays from 12 M. to 4 P. M.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH

At 9:45 a. m. one of Glendale's best Sunday schools assembles. If you are not in Sunday school, make this school a visit.

11 a. m.—"Shall Man Fear or Love God?" is the sermon topic by the pastor, Dr. Willisford.

6:45 p. m.—C. E. meets. Howard Brown, county president of Christian Endeavor, will lead.

7:30 p. m.—The Endeavorers have charge of the program, which is as follows:

Piano voluntary.

Hymn, "Yield Not to Temptation."

Hymn, "Throw Out the Life Line."

Scripture, Hazel Tyler.

Anthem, choir.

Prayer, Miss Mabel Galey.

Hymn, "Rescue the Perishing."

Address, "The Working Man and the Saloon," Ralph B. Beers.

Music, Congregational male quartette.

Address, "The Wine Industry," Ethel Preston.

Music, sanitarium quartette.

Address, "Cost of Crime," E. H. Sargent.

Music, solo, "The Penitent," E. H. Sargent.

Address, Howard L. Brown.

Music, sanitarium quartette.

One-minute speeches by Endeavorers.

Music, "Glory Song" and "America."

Music for the Day

Morning, anthem, "Rock of Ages," by Nelson.

Evening, anthem, "Stand Up, Stand Up for Jesus," by Ashford.

Solo, "The Penitent," by Van der Vater, Mr. E. H. Sargent.

FIRST M. E. CHURCH

Corner Third street and Dayton court.

9:40—Sunday school. Thomas W. Watson, superintendent. We will begin on time.

11:00—Morning worship. Anthem, "The Lord is Exalted," West. Baptismal service for children. Reception of members. Sermon, "The Master's Business," by the pastor.

6:30—Epworth League devotional meeting. Subject, "A Nation Without a Saloon—How and When?" Hab. 2:1-14. Leader, Nettie Turner.

7:30—Evening worship. Special music. Anthem, "Rejoice Greatly," Woodward. Anthem, "Some Blessed Day," Nevin. Address by pastor.

Subject, "The Labor Question and Prohibition." The pastor claims to be the friend of organized and unorganized labor. Come and hear what he has to say about this vital question. Someone must lose their job. Who will it be?

Prayer meeting Wednesday night. Ask someone who was present about the meeting last Wednesday evening. Do not fail to come this week.

Subject, "The Coming of the Kingdom and the Selection of a Successor to Judas," Acts 1:6-26. Bring your Bible.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH

Dr. I. H. Durfee will speak at the Christian church Sunday evening. Topic, "Christ on Confession or Some of Baker P. Lee's Ignorant Fanatics." The doctor's reply to Baker P. Lee's article, "Temperance Vs. Prohibition," is being printed by the thousands by the Dry Federation. Let us show our interest in these live issues by our presence. November 3 will soon be here. These are the days of our opportunity to hit the liquor traffic and hit it hard. Think what failure would mean to the boys and girls of California.

The morning sermon by the pastor will be: "Behold I Stand at the Door and Knock."

New plans in our Sunday school work will be inaugurated Sunday morning. Be present at 9:30 and assist in the program.

Junior Endeavor 3 to 4 o'clock. C. E. 6:45.

Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30.

CATHOLIC CHURCH

Church of the Holy Family, Lomita near Adams, Rev. J. S. O'Neill, pastor. Mass at 8 o'clock. Sunday school at 9:00, and mass at 10:30.

(Continued on Page 3.)

P. S. M'NUTT WRITES

VALUABLE INFORMATION GIVEN BY PROMINENT LOCAL ATTORNEY

The matter of the Verdugo wash protection district was on hearing before the board of supervisors Tuesday last. Some 1400 property owners made objections and protests. The hearing was continued to Monday, Oct. 26, until which time written objections stating grounds therefor may be filed with the board.

This matter involving an expenditure of several hundred thousand dollars is so very important that a full discussion of it must be desirable. It is proposed to organize the district under the legislative act of March 13, 1909, and if your good paper would at once publish this act in full it would be doing a great service to its many readers, for it is very evident that most of the people in the district know nothing at all of the manner and means of the project.

We are all willing to have our property protected from storm water, and to assist in bearing the expenses, and let us study it out and select the best and most economical way to do it.

It seems to me that the act under which we are proceeding, that of March 13, 1909, is certainly unsuitable and insufficient for a work of this magnitude. That it is fatally defective, and was only intended for small projects which could be completed and paid for in a year with one assessment. By common consent the Verdugo project will cost upwards of \$300,000, and would be heavy enough to carry in ten equal annual payments. But the character of the work is such that it must or should be all done and constructed as one job. Now by this act there is no way provided for bonding or raising this money in a lump sum to use at once. True it may be raised in ten equal yearly installments, but in this way ten years would be required to complete the work, which is not practicable. You can only assess for and collect one-tenth of the total sum in any one year.

And by this act no money can now become delinquent and collectable until January, 1916. The one-tenth installment collected at that date would be perhaps consumed in paying general advance expenses, for rights-of-way and for land to use for sand settling reservoirs. The next installment collected in January, 1917, could be used for beginning construction work for the ditch. Then the work could go on, collecting one-tenth of the money each year and putting in one-tenth of the work, and the whole project would be completed in ten years, i. e., in 1927.

According to the surveys of the county board of engineers, there are 10½ miles of ditch to be made, extending from the Los Angeles river to Montrose and the Little Landers. It would not do to begin it down at the river, so the work must be started up at the Little Landers in 1917, and by doing one-tenth of it each year, we get down to Brand boulevard in about seven or eight years. But we would have liens on our places all this time, and would be paying engineers, attorneys, clerks, etc. About the time they arrived with the ditch at Brand boulevard, it would be necessary, no doubt, to go back to Little Landers and follow down with repair and reconstruction and why wouldn't this be like the building of the capital at Albany, New York, or the city hall in New York City?

The next impracticable thing about the act is that under it each separate piece of property must be assessed in amount according to the benefit it receives. Now much of the property included is two or three miles from the wash, and some of it fifty or one hundred feet above the wash, to which property in either case no benefit at all could be shown, and of course such property could not be assessed legally. This assessing according to benefit received is a simple thing when it involves but a block or two, but it would be well nigh an impossible feat in a project located as this Verdugo wash district is.

In the next place you will notice that the said act provides that this big \$300,000 project is to be entirely constructed, managed and controlled by three trustees, who get no salary, and must be property owners and must give bond. What class of men could be secured for trustees? Having to give bond, and have property to answer for mistakes, and get nothing for it.

We will only mention one other difficulty. Tropico is a separate legal political entity, and no part of her territory abuts the Verdugo wash. It is extremely doubtful if she could be compelled to aid in taking care of the Verdugo wash until it be first shown that Glendale is unable to do

GERMANS VICTORIOUS

ENTIRE CREW OF THE BRITISH CRUISER HAWKE LOST IN SINKING OF THAT SHIP

The Germans continue their triumphant march through Belgium, now occupying Ostend, although the allies' line now reaches from the North sea to Ypres, thus barring Teuton progress toward Dunkirk and Calais.

The entire crew of the British cruiser Hawke was lost in the North sea when the Hawke was torpedoed by a German submarine.

The Hawke, which was a useful armored cruiser, although of an obsolete type, was being used together with vessels of a similar period and model, for a reconnaissance in the North sea. It carried ordinarily about 550 officers and men, but the unofficial report is that its complement numbered about 450 at the time it was destroyed and that the loss of life was about 400. There is

hardly a doubt that every one of its commissioned officers went down with the ship, a disaster greater than the loss of the cruiser.

The Theseus was first attacked. A glimpse of the periscope of the German submarine was caught and the gunners of the Theseus opened fire, but failed to land a shot. The submarine launched a torpedo at the Theseus, but it missed its mark. Almost immediately the submarine turned its attention to the Hawke and one torpedo, apparently, was sufficient to shatter that ship.

The German policy of crippling the British navy by submarine attacks while keeping the German dreadnaughts under the guns of Kiel and Heligoland, has cost the British five useful cruisers. By submarine raids in the North sea the Germans sank the scout cruiser Pathfinder, with 246 men, September 1; the armored cruisers Cressy, Hogue and Aboukir, September 22, with 1400 men, and the scout cruiser Hawke, October 15, with 400 men.

German mines in the North sea destroyed the light cruiser Amphion with 131 men, August 6, and the torpedo gunboat Speedy, September 3, with twenty-two men. In Zanzibar harbor, September 20, the German cruiser Koenigsberg disabled the cruiser Pegasus.

The advantage in the naval struggle is distinctly with the Germans, although the British have destroyed or wrecked four German cruisers, two torpedo boat destroyers, one torpedo boat, three submarines and eight merchant ships armed as commerce destroyers.

BARACA-PHILATHEAS

A very delightful dinner was given at the church bungalow last Thursday evening by the Baraca-Philatheas of the Christian church, with twenty-three members and four guests present.

The dinner was followed by a business period and social hour. A home talent play is being planned under the very efficient management of Miss Bertha Jackson, which fact alone bespeaks unbounded success.

Watch for the date. The dinner was so greatly enjoyed that it was decided to repeat it again next Thursday evening.

THIMBLE CLUB MEMBERS ENJOY AFTERNOON TOGETHER

The Young Married Ladies' Thimble club were guests one afternoon this week of Mrs. Kenton Robertshaw, who entertained them most pleasantly in her home, 628 South Adams street.

The house was aglow with golden chrysanthemums and as each guest arrived, they were escorted to the pretty little Dutch-blue breakfast room, where they were refreshed after a heated walk by delicious ice cream served by Miss Mina Robertshaw, sister-in-law of the hostess.

Mrs. Petty was assisted in entertaining the merry little guests by her sister, Mrs. C. H. Cunningham of Glendale and Mrs. C. E. Snively and Mrs. F. E. Dow of Los Angeles.

TRY GLENDALE COMMUNITY FIRST

The above heading is a common slogan that is being put into practice by citizens of this community who believe in community support.

Glendale community has in its midst F. L. Muhleman, a candidate for the assembly from the sixty-first district, and it seems very reasonable that the people of Glendale should support Mr. Muhleman at the November election. There should be no well-grounded cause for any local organization to call in an outsider who is a candidate for the general honoree.

Mrs. Petty was assisted in entertaining the merry little guests by her sister, Mrs. C. H. Cunningham of Glendale and Mrs. C. E. Snively and Mrs. F. E. Dow of Los Angeles.

This club will be entertained again on Thursday, October 29th, by Mrs. John Adair Peebles in her home, 724 Belmont street.



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GLENDALE, CAL., OCTOBER 17.

GOODBYE COAL BARONS

Speaking of conservation, it will be great when cheap Alaska coal fills the California grate—coal mined under direct auspices of the federal government and upon terms that will protect the rights of the people in the great public domain of the far Northwest.

Treaties are like political platforms—made to be broken.

MULTIPLICITY OF TROUBLES

The American Red Cross is overwhelmed with the old-woman-who-lived-in-a-shoe dilemma, although it is multiplicity of troubles and not of children that is putting the Red Cross at its wits' end. Besides the appalling magnitude of relief work demanded in the great theater of war in Europe, there is much suffering from famine, earthquakes and civil disorders in China, Turkey and Mexico, respectively. This old world never has groaned under such a weight of trouble all at once.

EXTEND THANKS

The executive board of the Tuesday Afternoon club desires to further extend a vote of thanks to Mr. J. W. Ulliton for his valuable assistance in supporting their recent Fiesta by liberal publicity in the Evening Express. Also to Mr. Frank Chase of the Jewel City Press, the young people who assisted in the presentation of "Hiawatha," and to everyone else, individually and collectively, for any and everything they did in the way of rendering assistance. As the list is too long to be published, these words of appreciation are extended to and include all.

PASTOR TROY'S FRIENDLY TALKS WITH CHRISTIAN SCIENTISTS—NO. 2

"God is good. Good is Mind," Mary Baker Eddy.

The above is the second fundamental proposition of Christian Science as stated by its author in "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures."

Translated and expounded in the light of the author's further elucidation, we understand by the second proposition of Christian Science that the ultimate and only real definition of God is expressed by the word "good," and that this attribute of God is a mental quality, that is, "mind."

The practical application of this second proposition is the conversion of mortal mind to the belief that "God is good. Good is Mind." The reality of the goodness of God as expressed in mind of God means the total eclipse of mortal mind and the reign of omnipotent Good.

According to this philosophy, it is not thinking it so that makes it so, but thinking it is, is to demonstrate that it is so. Man has so thought disease, sin, evil, death that he has false belief to the extent of thinking these things realities, while in fact they are but errors of mortal mind. Christian Science means right about face, God is good, Good is Mind, God is All, All is Good, All is Mind. Have the mind of Christ in you and all is Good; disease, sin, evil, death vanish, they are not. Mortal mind is lost to omnipotent mind, God, reality. All of which Christian Science promises to demonstrate.

Now for a few of the difficulties connected with such teaching.

It is admitted that disease, sin, evil, death exist at least to the extent of being errors of mortal mind. But—who is responsible for these errors of mortal mind? God is All in all. God is good. All is good. These propositions being true in the absolute sense, it would seem that God is and God is not responsible for the errors of mortal mind. If God is all good, then he cannot be the author of these evil errors of mortal mind. On the other hand, if God is All, then in some way or other he must be responsible for these errors of mortal mind.

Will some Christian Scientist please explain the reality of these unrealities? Take for example the death of Mrs. Eddy. Will someone deeply versed in Christian Science explain why it is that the majority of civilized people have become victims of the following error of mortal mind: Mary Baker Glover Eddy died in 1910 in the city of Boston, Mass?

Of course, according to Christian Science, this bit of history is a painful error of mortal mind, a blank unreality. Let it be so for the sake of the argument. But—pardon the insistence, please somebody explain why God, who is good, and good which is all mind, ever permitted such a gross error of mortal mind to afflict the human race!

Must we be told again that God is not the author of this error of mortal mind, for Christian Science says so? Then who, what or why is it that there is that which is not that which is part of that which is All. Again, what is that error of mortal mind which can exist while the mind of God is all there is and that mind is all good and no evil? (If this be our first lesson in Christian Science, how about the last? Well, what's the use? It's all an error of mortal mind to talk this way, anyway. But why does God who is all good permit me to have such errors of mortal mind? Am I to blame or is God to blame? Error of mortal mind, it would appear that thou art and thou art not at one and the same time.)

Let's talk the way folk used to talk before Mary Baker Eddy was born.

"God is good." That sounds all right.

Down at the country store, seated on a sugar barrel, held forth the village philosopher. It was a rainy day. Talk was flowing as freely as the torrent in the brook. The conversation drifted to religion, ending in the proposition, "How is it that God can be good and yet permit evil?"

"If I were God," said the village philosopher, "I'd catch the devil and cut his tail off and cut his head off, and then I'd put both in alcohol and send them to the city museum so that folks could see the beginning and end of the old boy."

Surely that would be an original way to knock out his satanic majesty. Mary Baker Eddy is just as original and just as likely to succeed.

Disease, sin, evil, death are simple sensible facts which enter deeply into rational consciousness. They can never be eliminated by denying their reality. Nothing but the blood of Calvary can atone for sin, and only the power of the resurrection will conquer death. Mrs. Eddy has proposed an impossible task. She thought herself into a pathetic delusion. She grappled with a great problem and ended in the ether of speculation. Science and Health is her solution of the problem of good and evil. If she really wrote the famous book, she was undoubtedly a genius of remarkable originality, a worthy exponent of the philosophical teachings of Spinoza, Berkeley and their school of theological spiritualism.

There resides in beautiful Casa Verdugo a maiden lady who was privileged to take down the story of the remarkable life of Mary Baker Eddy from the dictation of the author's own lips. It must have been a wonderful opportunity to study at close range one of the world's greatest

est psychics. In the history of religions, Mrs. Eddy will fill a large place and will undoubtedly be accredited the author of the most ambitious attempt to explain the mystery of good and evil in modern times. The stern realities of disease, sin, evil, death will remain in the mute contradiction of her fascinating dream.

(To be continued Sunday evening at the First Baptist church, Glendale.)

FITTING MEMORIAL

It is proposed to build a block of model, sanitary tenements in the slum district of Washington as a memorial to the late Mrs. Wilson. Fitting and useful—fitting because useful—is this proposal. The good works of this good woman should live after her.

The great poem about the war in Europe hasn't appeared yet.

VOTE FOR

Attorney FRANK L. MUHLEMAN



Democratic Nominee

FOR ASSEMBLYMAN

In 61st Assembly District

General Election Tuesday, Nov. 3rd.

Classified Ads

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FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—A beautiful 5-room up-to-date bungalow, with all built-in features, located at 1218 Chestnut St., 1/2 block from P. E. Ry. Lot 50x175; lawn, flowers, fruit trees, chicken corral. This bungalow is furnished in excellent taste, with expensive and substantial furniture. This is a very attractive place, everything neat and clean and in first-class condition. Price \$4000, complete. Terms, 7%. Inquire S. C. Packer, 1462 Riverside Drive. Phone 972J. 54t3

FOR SALE—Pedigreed Angora kittens and mother and a blue-eyed white Angora one year old. 913 San Rafael, Glendale. Phone Home 902. 53t2

FOR SALE—Modern five-room bungalow, completely furnished, close in; \$2750; \$750 cash, balance long time. C. A. Wilkinson, 1517 Ivy. 47t3

FOR SALE—I have a clear title on 80 acres of good foothill land in Madera county which I will sell for \$1000. Need money or would not sell for less than \$1250. Address Box "G," Glendale News. 47t3

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Call rear of No. 417 Brand Blvd. Roll Top Disappearing A. W.

Desk \$44.00
Roll Top Desk, fine order 22.50
Oak Dresser, like new 15.00

Dining-room Table 7.50
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Morris Chair, with cushions 8.95

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Dining-room Chairs 75c and... 1.00

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Columbia Graphophone, 25

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Refrigerator, 33x46 15.00

Oak Morris Chair, 2 cushions 9.50

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Gas Stove, 3 holes and oven 10.00

Gas Stove, 3 holes, \$2.50..... 3.00

Bed Springs and Mattresses very

cheap. Call at No. 417 Brand Blvd. 24tf Sat.

BIG SNAP—Sixty days' offer; one acre, 150 feet facing Lomita Ave. Bargain at \$2000. Sunset 108. E. H. Kerker, Second and Brand. 44t1

FOR SALE—Three-room modern house, outside screen sleeping house, large lot 50x182; garage, chicken house and yard; fruit of good variety, flowers; low price, easy terms. 561 Oak drive, Tropico. For particulars phone 987W. Residence phone 921W. 48t8

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Phones: Office, Sunset 1091; Residence, Sunset 618W. Hours: 10 to 12 a.m. and

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NEXT FIRST NAT. BANK GLENDALE

The Source of a Town's Prosperity

is its banks. They are the index of local pride and commercial well-being. The Home Bank is the clearing house for local people, and aid to business and the up-building of the community.

Do Your Share

in making Glendale more beautiful—a city of finer homes and a stronger business section, by

Banking at Home & Trading at Home

Remember that this bank is an active agent for local prosperity in that all its funds are loaned to Home People on Home Securities, and are at all times actively engaged in furthering the best interests of Glendale.

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FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST

of Glendale at 415½ Brand Blvd. and is open daily, except Sundays and holidays, from 12 M. to 4 P. M. Christian Science literature may be read or purchased in this room.

The public is cordially invited to visit the reading room.

CARD OF THANKS

We desire to thank our friends and neighbors and the members of the G. A. R. for their sympathy and kindness to us in our recent sad bereavement.

JENNIE C. SLOAN.
W. ARTHUR SLOAN.
CECILIA B. HARRIS.

TROPICO

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Dodge, who for several months past have been enjoying an extensive visit in the East, are in Glendale to make their home. Mr. and Mrs. Dodge formerly lived at 1469 Milford street.

Mrs. F. L. Menley and little daughter Elizabeth are expected to return Sunday to their home, 1465 West Third street, from Chicago, to which place Mrs. Menley was called on account of the sudden death of her beloved father.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Legrand of 1442 West Third street were among the guests entertained at a prettily appointed dinner party given one evening this week by Mrs. Glen Duzenbury of Monrovia. Mrs. Legrand remained in the Duzenbury home until Friday.

Mrs. J. H. Shugart and daughter, Mrs. Maude Shugart Goewey, spent a delightful day with old friends in Anaheim last week. These friends were neighbors of Mrs. Shugart in Omaha for a number of years, and have recently come to California to make their home.

The household economics section of the Tuesday Afternoon club will meet at 7:30 o'clock Tuesday evening, Oct. 20th, in the home of the chairman, Miss Alice Frank, 578 Eagle Rock road. All interested club members are cordially invited to attend and join this section.

At the meeting of the Ministers' association of Glendale last Wednesday, Rev. Dr. Mills of the Episcopal church was elected president of the association for the ensuing year and Rev. Mr. Hartsell of the West Glendale Methodist church was elected secretary-treasurer. Arrangements were made for the union Thanksgiving services to be held on Thanksgiving day, and considerable work was done and planned at the meeting.

AT THE CHURCHES

(Continued from Page 1)

LUTHERAN CHURCH

I. O. O. F. hall, corner Third and Isabel streets. Bible school 10 a.m., Service 11 a.m. Gospel for nineteenth Sunday after Trinity, Mattheus 9:1-8. Topic, "Jesus the Great Physician." Report of convention, G. Wenning, pastor. Residence, 450 West Broadway.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE THEME AT LOCAL BAPTIST CHURCH

Rev. John Henry Troy will deliver one of his friendly talks to Christian Scientists at the popular Sunday evening service of the First Baptist church. Special talent is engaged to sing and Miss Maud Salisbury will preside at the piano. The real thinkers among the Scientists will enjoy the service. A frank statement of the philosophy of Christian Science without any offense will be the endeavor of the speaker. Come and let us reason together.

The morning theme will be "The Deity of Christ." The exaltation of Christ is the supreme objective of the true church.

Many are expecting a genuine revival of old-time religion to break out in the local Baptist church. The past year has been a record-breaker in every particular. One hundred and one have united with the Baptist church during the past year and the finances have been correspondingly increased. The audiences more than fill the pew space and the side rooms are in regular use. The old gospel of Christ and Him crucified seems still to have power to draw men.

A growing Sunday school, under the leadership of Mr. Roy Kent, Big Bible class, under the leadership of Deacon Ross. B. Y. P. U. in main auditorium with special speaker from the Dry Federation movement.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

"Your Money and Your Life," sermon topic Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Sunday school 9:45. Junior Endeavor 3 p.m. C. E. meeting at 6:30. Evening service 7:30. "The Temples of God." Stereopticon views showing some of the beautiful cathedrals of the old world.

WEST GLENDALE M. E. CHURCH

Pacific avenue and West Fifth street. H. Jackson Hartsell, pastor. 9:45—Sunday school. J. E. Henderson, superintendent.

11:00—Morning worship. Sacrament of the Lord's supper will be administered and new members received into the church.

6:30—Epworth League. Dr. Wilson M. Moore, president. Topic, "A Nation Without a Saloon—How and When?" Hab. 2:1-14. Led by Rev. E. Hoskyn.

7:30—Evening worship. Subject, "The Water Wagon and John Barleycorn Balancing Accounts." Every voter in West Glendale is urged to attend this service and hear a fair and frank discussion of the whole traffic in the liquor business.

ST. MARK'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Corner Fifth and Louise streets. Rev. C. Irving Mills, D. D., rector. Services tomorrow, Oct. 18th, as follows: Holy communion at 7:30 a.m. Sunday school and Bible class at 9:30 a.m. Morning prayer and infant baptism at 11 a.m. Subject of sermon, "The Touch of Jesus."

After an absence from Glendale of over two months, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. W. Fortune and little daughter have returned to their home, 1310 West Ninth street. Mrs. Fortune has been visiting in the East and Mr. Fortune spent the greater part of the time in Los Angeles.

You can no more get an idea of the infinite into a finite mind than you can get a quart of liquid into a pint pot.

TROPICO

Hon. Frederick Baker, our distinguished fellow citizen, although he resides in Glendale, is spending the week in Monterey, where he is attending the Pacific Municipalities' convention, which is in session in that northern city. Mr. Baker will address the convention in an able address and offer suggestions for adopting the Springfield, Ohio, charter to the needs of California cities.

Mrs. Charles H. Henry, wife of Trustee Henry, and her daughter, Mrs. Gail Trowbridge, will motor to Bear valley tomorrow, where they will spend a few days' outing.

After an absence of six months passed on their ranch property at Hemet, Mr. and Mrs. William Van Hazelton and son, George Van Hazelton, have returned to their home on West Park avenue.

T. W. Gillette leaves for Norwalk the first of the week, where he will spend a week visiting his brother.

Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Rice leave for Lindsay shortly to look after their numerous property interests located in that prosperous section.

Mr. A. T. Thayer celebrated his seventy-second anniversary by a delightful trip to several of the beach cities. Mr. Thayer was accompanied by Mrs. Thayer.

P. S. McNUTT WRITES

(Continued from Page 1)

so. While Tropico is not being asked as a city to support the proposition, but only her citizens individually, yet it amounts to the same thing, for in fact any damage to Tropico by the wash would be to the streets, which the city owns in so far as care and protection is concerned, and not to the lot areas.

Another feature should be considered. If we get tied up with this proposition under the act of 1909, we can take up nothing else, as the lien for the whole improvement goes on at the first.

The county is well under way in a plan to unite all the county projects under one general scheme. By this way it is expected the work can be done cheaper and more reliably. There is precedent in the northern part of the state for the idea that the state and federal government may be induced to aid. Then to have the county bond for the balance. Should this be done, it would come heavy on us if we had arranged to pay for our own, because we could not avoid paying our share of the county bond to do the work of the other districts. There is no law exempting any class of people from paying on a public bond.

Besides, we are told that a new storm district bill is being prepared for our January legislature which will cure defects in existing acts and give us one complete and satisfactory flood protection district law.

Temporary precautionary measures must be taken any way for the coming winter, as no general measure can be put into operation now in time for this season.

And don't you think you should make a careful reading and study of this act of 1909, and then on Monday, Oct. 26th, come into the board of supervisors and tell us whether or not you desire the work to go ahead as started?

NO WAY OUT OF IT

McGinnis kept a saloon and lived with his family upstairs. One day his bartender shouted to him:

"Mr. McGinnis, shall I thrust Tim O'Leary for a drink?"

"Has he had the drink?" called back McGinnis.

"He has."

"Thrust him."—Exchange.



Siding for a House or Barn

should be carefully selected. Remember it will be exposed to all kinds of weather. That's why only the fully seasoned siding is suitable. We can furnish you with the best sun-seasoned siding at the same price you would have to pay for green stuff. Which is the cheaper?

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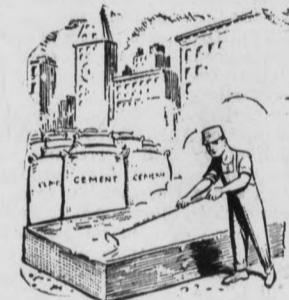
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Perfect, health-tested cows—good, clean feed—a sanitary, well-ventilated dairy—it's aerated, too, MacMullin's milk—the bottles are steam-sterilized—capped with sterilized caps by machinery—delivered to you cold—surely it's pure, clean, wholesome—and it's good to drink.

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WE CAN SUPPLY YOUR WANTS
"Anything from Pig-Pen to Palace"

Fox-Woodsum Lumber Co.

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Phones: Sunset 10, Home 2374

THE GIRL FROM CHICAGO FINDS HER UNCLE LIVES IN A BEAUTIFUL HOME IN GLENDALE HEIGHTS

It's certainly a delightful auto ride out Verdugo road to Glendale Heights where uncle lives. We motored along the smooth oiled road, past the beau-

places, that the property would greatly advance in value.

Glendale Heights is so rich and rare in character that one can drive by on the present boulevard without discovering what a real home-land of marvelous surprises that it really is. I'm going to get uncle to try to convince "dad" to get a homesite out



Between the Sycamores

tiful Verdugo park, right into uncle's scenic foothill home place. When I complimented uncle on his beautiful home, he said he had chosen his homesite in Glendale Heights on account of its great natural beauty, and that as Los Angeles business men realized the desirability of this locality, and built palatial country

CHRYSANTHEMUMS AND HAPPY FACES BLOOM AT ST. MARGARET GIRLS PARTY

Yellow and white, the St. Margaret colors, prevailed throughout the attractive Masonic temple Friday evening, Oct. 16, when in response to the invitations sent out, over one hundred guests assembled to enter into the 9 o'clock grand march, which was led by the St. Margaret president, Miss Harriett M. Wells, and her escort, and formally opened a very pretty dancing party.

Gorgeous chrysanthemums, both large and small, were combined with fern and other greenery and liberally arranged about the hall.

Delicious punch, made for the occasion by Mr. Ed Wolbach, former proprietor of the "Society Shop," was served throughout the evening. Special mention is made of the exquisite programs, which were hand painted folders, the brush work of and especially made by Mrs. Charles Lund, formerly Miss Hortense Rand, who is none less than a talented artist. Decorations for the affair were in charge of the Misses Cecelia Wilson

and Athena Purt, both of whom deserve great credit in the wonders wrought.

Hostesses for the evening were the Misses Harriett M. Wells, president; Mattie Belle Provolt, first vice-president; Elizabeth Lange, second vice-president; Cecilia Wilson, treasurer, Ethel Land, secretary, and the following members: The Misses Lillian Mills, Katherine Wells, Clara Provolt, Dorothy Smith, Bessie Provolt, Olga Purt, Gertrude Champlain, Irene Reed, Amy Bowerfind, Athena Purt, Ethel Reed, Maynia McCann, Pauline Sholz, Eva Black, Edith Foss and Mesdames Frae Morse Wells, Stella Scott Curran and Arline Hallahan.

These young ladies were assisted by Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Beaman, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Faries, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Peckham, Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Pulliam, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Worley, Mrs. Joseph Stagner, Mrs. C. Irving Mills, Mrs. T. S. Provolt, Mrs. Richard H. Wells, Mrs. W. W. Kirby and Mrs. Sarah Pitcher, and the following floor committee: Dr. J. L. Flint, chairman, Mr. E. M. Polley and Mr. Norman N. Badger, Jr.

For Sale at A Bargain

100 Orders of Chicken with side dishes of vegetables, soup and a dessert of ice cream or home-made pie. As long as they last these three-course Sunday Chicken Dinners will be sold at the low price of 25c.

For those who are not "lovers of chicken" we will have 50 orders of Roast Beef, Pork or Leg of Lamb.

Phone Home 1288 or call at the Jewel City Restaurant, opposite City Hall, Sunday any time after 11:00 a.m.

INTER-CITY COMMISSION RECOMMENDATIONS

San Gabriel Valley Organization Issues Report on Intricate and Important Amendments and Legislative Measures to be Voted on at November 3 Election and Makes Recommendations

Many who are appalled at the complicated nature of the ballot to be presented to the voters of California in November will be pleased to read the following recommendations presented by a committee of which Seward C. Simons of South Pasadena is secretary.

The San Gabriel Valley Inter-City Commission was formed for the purpose of co-operation between the different communities wherever a number of communities were affected. In view of the fact that a number of the measures coming up at the November election vitally affect the interests of smaller communities, this commission met and made a careful and impartial study of the measures and submit their recommendations.

The commission represents Pasadena, South Pasadena, Alhambra, Monrovia, San Gabriel and Lamanda Park. The report is signed by William Hazlett, Elwood J. Thorne, C. P. Dorland and Seward C. Simons.

NO. 1 ON THE BALLOT. "CALLING CONVENTION FOR REVISION OF CONSTITUTION." There is need for a new constitution, but the provisions of our present state constitution relating to the selection of delegates to a constitutional convention, which provide for the selection by partisan choice, might result in a very unsatisfactory convention and a partisan report and proposed constitution. VOTE "YES."

PROPOSITION NO. 12. "CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTIONS." is a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that delegates to a constitutional convention shall be selected at a non-partisan primary election. This is designed to dispose of the objection to the method of selecting delegates to the constitutional convention which lie to the present method of selection, and therefore this provision should carry, and the vote should be "YES" upon proposition No. 12.

NO. 2. "PROHIBITION." This is a proposed amendment to the constitution prohibiting the manufacture, sale or giving away or the transportation within or into the state of intoxicating liquors, except for medicinal, scientific, mechanical or sacramental purposes. It permits any citizen to make complaint of known violations. The committee makes no recommendation in regard to this proposed amendment, for the reason that the resolution of the Inter-City Commission appointing the committee, expressly instructed it to make no recommendations on this subject. In justice to themselves, however, the members of the committee state that they personally favor the adoption of the amendment.

PROPOSITION NO. 39. "SUSPENSION OF PROHIBITION AMENDMENT," provides that in the event proposition No. 2 for prohibition shall carry, that its provisions shall not take effect regarding the sale of liquor in the state until February 15th, 1915, and as to shipping liquor out of the state not until January 1st, 1916. This gives those who have money invested, or who are engaged in the liquor business, time to withdraw, if proposition No. 2 carries, and enables those who are engaged in grape culture to dispose of this year's crop. VOTE "YES."

PROPOSITION NO. 47. "PROHIBITION ELECTIONS." This amendment is unfair and misleading. It provides (amongst other things) that the vote of any city or county, or district, upon the question of state prohibition shall determine whether that city or county or district shall be "wet" or "dry" within its own limits. It repeals existing laws regulating the liquor traffic. It also provides that if any political subdivision shall vote "wet," either on the prohibition amendment, or at any other election, no subsequent election upon the subject shall be held within eight years, while if it votes "dry," it shall be considered "non-licensed" territory, but this provision does not state

that liquors shall not be sold in such "non-licensed" territory. Also it does not prohibit the question again being voted upon, in the latter circumstances, at ANY election, without waiting eight years. The proposed amendment is full of other "jokers" and evidently was not framed in good faith. VOTE "NO."

NO. 3. "EIGHT-HOUR LAW." While founded on a correct theory, this law is too broad in its application, and in its present form would seriously hamper some important industries and the labor connected therewith. VOTE "NO."

NO. 4. "ABATEMENT OF NUISANCES." This "red light abatement act" is moulded upon statutes of other states which have worked successfully. This act makes owners of the buildings and promoters of vice therein amenable to the law and not alone those caught in police raids. It permits any citizen to bring an action of injunction prohibiting the use of the building for such purposes and enjoining the owner and occupant from engaging in such business. VOTE "YES."

NO. 5. "INVESTMENT COMPANIES ACT." This act is designed to fill a pressing need for the proper control of corporations. While cumbersome in form, the committee believes that it should be adopted, and if, in its workings it is found that changes should be made, it may be amended by the legislature. VOTE "YES."

NO. 6. "WATER COMMISSION ACT." This creates a water commission with powers similar to those of the railroad commission and is designed to better protect the people in the appropriation, use and control of the waters of the state, and is a meritorious act. VOTE "YES."

NO. 7. "LOCAL TAXATION EXEMPTION." This is known as the "home rule in taxation" amendment, and would give any county, city or town power to exempt from taxation for local purposes improvements on or over land and any personal property except franchises. This would be an experiment in taxation. The majority of the committee recommends a favorable vote.

NO. 8. "EXEMPTING VESSELS FROM TAXATION." This is designed to encourage shipping on the high seas to and from our California ports and is a meritorious act. VOTE "YES."

NO. 9. "REGULATING INVESTMENT COMPANIES." This is a measure proposed by certain corporations and conflicts with, and would make ineffective proposition No. 5, recommended by the committee. VOTE "NO."

NO. 10. "ABOLITION OF POLL TAX." This measure proposes that no poll tax shall be collected. If adopted a large class of our people, including unnaturalized foreigners, will pay no taxes although receiving the benefits of our government. VOTE "NO."

NO. 11. "UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA BUILDING BOND ACT." This provides for a state bond issue of \$1,800,000 for the construction of buildings and adding to the beauty and efficiency of the state university plant at Berkeley. Our state university needs this money. VOTE "YES."

NO. 12. "CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTIONS." Has been discussed in connection with proposition No. 1. VOTE "YES."

NO. 13. "QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS AT BOND ELECTIONS." This initiative proposition provides that no elector shall vote on the question of incurring bonded indebtedness UNLESS A TAXPAYER, and in theory, instead of being advanced legislation, in returning to the rule of property, this is retrogression to a system of government long since

abandoned, and would be class legislation. It would disqualify from voting upon such questions at least 75% of women voters. VOTE "NO."

NO. 14. "VOTING BY ABSENT ELECTORS." This provides a method whereby those away from home on election day may vote and send their ballot by mail. It is dangerous that it is not sufficiently safeguarded by restrictions. It would complicate the election machinery. VOTE "NO."

NO. 15. "DEPOSIT OF PUBLIC MONEY." This measure proposes that bonds of SURETY COMPANIES may be put up as security for deposit of public moneys and changes the present law to that extent. There is no necessity for such act and it is unsafe. VOTE "NO."

NO. 16. "CONDAMNATION FOR PUBLIC PURPOSES." This measure, sometimes called "the excess condemnation amendment," enlarges the powers of the state or any county or municipality in condemning property for public purposes for future use. This is meritorious. VOTE "YES."

NO. 17. "EXPOSITION CONTRIBUTION BY ALAMEDA COUNTY." This proposed amendment will PERMIT Alameda county to vote bonds, payable by taxes and assessed in that county only, in aid of the San Francisco exposition. The state at large has no direct financial interest in this. VOTE "YES."

NO. 18. "NON-SALE OF GAME." This act throws greater protection upon the game of the state and will prevent the slaughter of game for sale upon the markets. VOTE "YES."

NO. 19. "CONSOLIDATION OF CITY AND COUNTY, AND LIMITED ANNEXATION OF CONTIGUOUS TERRITORY." This amendment carries a fundamental change in the existing law of the state, in providing for the assumption of bonded indebtedness, in cases of annexation, by a simple majority vote at any election instead of a two-thirds vote, as now required. The existing safeguards are proper, and conform to the general practice elsewhere. Moreover, in the formation of a consolidated city and county government, the smaller cities or unincorporated territory proposed to be annexed, do not have a chance to vote directly and separately on whether they shall join the larger city; they have no voice in framing the charter by which they would be governed, and practically no say as to what district shall be added. The measure is full of danger to the "outside" communities. There are ample laws already covering annexation when both communities desire. The alleged economies which have been urged as the excuse for this measure can be and are being obtained under existing law without territorial change. There are a number of things which make this measure in the opinion of many unbiased business men undesirable for Los Angeles, as well as the smaller cities. VOTE "NO."

NO. 20. "PRIZE-FIGHTS." Prohibiting prize-fights, but permitting four-round amateur boxing exhibitions, unless prohibited by ordinance. This prohibits brutal prize-fights, but allows clean, fair sport. VOTE "YES."

NO. 21. "CITY AND COUNTY CONSOLIDATION AND ANNEXATION WITH CONSENT OF ANEXED TERRITORY." This proposed amendment is almost identical with No. 19, and is equally vicious. VOTE "NO."

NO. 22. "LAND TITLE LAW." This proposed act, known as the "Torrens law," gives the owner of real estate the option of obtaining certificates of title through the present title company method, or of having his title registered by the county recorder and insured by the state. It is not compulsory. VOTE "YES."

NO. 23. "ELECTIONS BY PLURALITY, PREFERENTIAL VOTE, AND PRIMARY." The preferential ballot system has been tried out successfully in other places, and as this measure applies only to local non-partisan elections, and is permissive, not compulsory, it seems to be meritorious. VOTE "YES."

NO. 24. "ASSEMBLY PAYROLL EXPENSES." There seems to be no pressing need for the spending of more money by the legislature or changing the present arrangements. VOTE "NO."

NO. 25. "ADOPTION AND AMENDMENT OF MUNICIPAL CHARTERS." This simplifies the procedure for the adoption of a freeholders' charter by a municipality. It permits the grant of general powers to any city of more than 3500 population. VOTE "YES."

NO. 26. "LEGISLATIVE CONTROL OF IRRIGATION, RECLAMATION AND DRAINAGE DISTRICTS." The legislature now has no right to supervise or control such districts. This would grant the legislature such right and would be an added protection to our citizens in such districts. VOTE "YES."

NO. 27. "COUNTY CHARTERS." This amendment facilitates the doing away with the duplication of certain city and county officials without territorial change. VOTE "YES."

NO. 28. "REGULATION OF PUBLIC UTILITIES." This changes the present law so that cities having once so voted lose control of their public utilities to the railroad commission and cannot regain this control. This might put the city at the mercy of a bad railroad commission without recourse. VOTE "NO."

NO. 29. "INCORPORATION OF MUNICIPALITIES." This proposed amendment is related to No. 27, affecting cities as that affects counties. It is in the interest of economy. VOTE "YES."

NO. 30. "IRRIGATION DISTRICTS CONTROLLING INTERNATIONAL WATER SYSTEMS." This amendment concerns Imperial valley and its gigantic irrigation system only. It seems to be a measure for protection and facilitates handling water and water rights in this valley. VOTE "YES."

NO. 31. "VALUATION OF DEMINED PUBLIC UTILITIES BY RAILROAD COMMISSION." This proposed amendment clarifies the existing law permitting cities to have their public utilities valued by the railroad commission in case of condemnation and when they so desire. VOTE "YES."

NO. 32. "ELECTION OF UNITED STATES SENATORS." If carried, makes possible the railroading of a good governor into another office, leaving a weak or bad lieutenant-governor in his place. VOTE "NO."

NO. 33. "PUBLIC UTILITIES IN MUNICIPALITIES." This act is designed to permit municipalities operating public utilities to extend their operations into other municipalities operating like utilities, and in competition with such other cities within their own boundaries. VOTE "NO."

NO. 34. "TAXATION OF PUBLIC PROPERTY." This provides for the taxation of lands held by municipalities outside of their boundaries. This is just. VOTE "YES."

NO. 35. "SACRAMENTO STATE BUILDING BONDS." This state needs adequate buildings in which to conduct its affairs. VOTE FOR THE BONDS.

NO. 36. "SAN FRANCISCO STATE BUILDING ACT." Our information is that the state does not need additional buildings in San Francisco. VOTE AGAINST THE BONDS.

NO. 37. "STATE FAIR GROUNDS BONDS." This is to provide for the issuance of state bonds, \$750,000, for improvement of state fair grounds at Sacramento. Our information is that the amount of money asked for is excessive and the proposition should be voted down. VOTE AGAINST THE BONDS.

NO. 38. "LOS ANGELES STATE BUILDING BONDS." This act provides for the issuance of \$1,250,000 of state bonds for erection and equipment of a state building in Los Angeles. This building is needed. VOTE FOR THE BONDS.

NO. 39. "SUSPENSION OF PROHIBITION AMENDMENT." This is discussed in connection with proposition No. 2. VOTE "YES."

NO. 40. "EXTRA SESSIONS OF DISTRICT COURTS OF APPEAL." This proposition is objectionable for the reason that anyone of five officials may call such extra sessions and there is no great need at this time therefor. VOTE "NO."

NO. 41. "MISCARRIAGE OF JUSTICE." This proposed amendment is designed to PREVENT reversals by the appellate courts in civil actions because of mere technicalities unless injustice has been done. This amendment is meritorious. VOTE "YES."

NO. 42. "PLACE OF PAYMENT OF BONDS AND INTEREST." This is designed to permit bonds to be made payable in foreign countries, thereby facilitating their sale. VOTE "YES."

NO. 43. "EXEMPTING EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS FROM TAXATION." California is the only state which does not already do this. VOTE "YES."

NO. 44. "MINIMUM WAGE." Authorizes the legislature to provide for the establishment of minimum wage for women and children in order that a fair and living wage shall be paid to them when required to work for wages. This amendment contemplates the fixing of the minimum wage for different occupations by the state welfare commission. The proposition is meritorious. VOTE "YES."

NO. 45. "ONE DAY OF REST IN SEVEN." This is known as the "Sunday rest law" and carries so many exemptions as to render the law almost a farce. This appears to be class legislation. VOTE "NO."

NO. 46. "DRUGLESS PRACTICE." This initiative measure creates a state board of examiners for drugless physicians and fixes the qualifications for practice as such. The committee recognizes that the existing law is not in all respects equitable, but this proposed law would lower the standards for admission to the practice of medicine and while admitting some worthy practitioners, would open the door to quacks. VOTE "NO."

NO. 47. "PROHIBITION ELECTIONS." This initiative measure is discussed in connection with proposition No. 2. VOTE "NO."

NO. 48. "BONDS FOR IMPROVEMENT OF SAN FRANCISCO HARBOR." This measure provides for issuance and sale of state bonds for payment of indebtedness to be incurred by the board of state harbor commissioners for improvement of the harbor at San Francisco, in an amount not to exceed \$10,000,000, the bonds and interest to be paid from the revenue derived from the harbor, but the credit of the state is pledged as security. This bond issue was asked for by the state harbor commission. The measure was referred to popular vote or the legislature. The improvement is needed. VOTE FOR BONDS.